रजिस्टर्ड नं 0 ल 0-33/एस 0 एम 0 14/91.



राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश

(असाधारण)

हिमाधल प्रवेश राज्यशासन द्वारा प्रकाशित

शिमला, बृहस्पतिबार, 12 सितम्बर, 1991/21 माद्रपद, 1913

हिमाचल प्रदेश सरकार

विधान सभा सचिवालय

अधिस्चनाएं

शिमला-4, 10 सितम्बर, 1991

सं0 1-28/91-वि€स0.—हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा प्रक्रिया एवं कार्य संचालन निथमावली, 1973 के नियम 135 के अन्तर्गत, हिमाचल प्रदेश अनुसूचित जाति और अनुसूचित जनजाति विकास निगम (संशोधन)
2313-राजपत्र/91-12-9-91---1,213 (1945) मृत्य: 1 रुप्या।

विधेयक, 1991 (1991का बिधेयक संख्यांक 16) जो दिनांक 10-9-1991 की हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान मभा में पुर:स्यापित हो गया ह, सर्वसाधावण को सूचनार्थ राजपन्न म मुद्रित किया जाता है।

लक्ष्मण सिंह, सचित्र।

1991 का विधेयक संख्यांक 16.

हिमाचल प्रदेश ग्रनुसूचित जाति और श्रनुपृचित जनजाति विकास निगम (संशोधन) विधेयक, 1991

(विधान सभा में पुर:स्थापित रूप में)

हिमाचल प्रदेश ग्रनुसूचित जाति ग्रौर ग्रनुसूचित जनजाति विकास निगम ग्रीधनियम, 1979 (1979 का 20) का श्रौर संगोधन करने के लिए विष्टेस्क।

भारत गणराज्य के ज्याली मर्वे वर्ष में हिमाजल प्रदेण विधान सभा द्वारा निम्नलिखित रूप में यह ग्रिधिनियमित हो :---

1. (1) इस अधिनियम का संक्षिप्त नाम हिमाचल प्रदेश अनुसूचित जाति और अनुसूचित जनजाति विकास निगम (मंशोधन) अधिनियम, 1991 है।

संक्षिप्त नाम ग्रीर प्रारम्म ।

- ् (2) यह 10 जुलाई, 1991 को प्रवृत्त हुम्रा समझा जाएगा ।
- 2. हिमाचल प्रदेश अनुसूचित जाति और अनुसूचित जनजाति विकास निगम अधि-नियम, 1979 (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् मूल अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 5 में "ten crores" शब्दों के स्थान पर जहां कहीं भी ये आए हैं "twenty crores" शब्द रखे जाएंगे।

धारा 5 का संशोधन।

3. मूल ग्रीविनियम की विद्यमान घारा 16 के पश्चात्, निम्नलिखित धारा ग्रन्त:-स्थापित की जाएगी, ग्राथांत:--

धारा 16-A का अन्तः-स्थापन ।

- "16-A. Conferment of additional functions on the Corporation.
- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Governor may, after consultation with the Corporation, entrust either conditionally or unconditionally to the Corporation or its officers additional functions in relation to the social security or social insurance or uplift of the weaker sections of the society in the State.
- (2) The Governor may, by order in writing and after consultation with the Corporation, confer on the Corporation such powers of supervisory nature over agencies, authorities or officers set up, constituted or appointed by the State Government as are necessary for providing social security or social insurance and uplift of the weaker sections of the society in the State.
- (3) When any additional functions are conferred on the Corporation under sub-section (1), the Corporation shall exercise the same powers, discharge same duties and perform the same functions, as it would have exercised in discharge of duties and performance of functions assigned to it under section 16 and the provisions of this Act shall apply accordingly.

(4) Where by virtue of this section powers and duties have been conferred or imposed upon the Corporation, or officers or authorities thereof, there shall be paid by the State Government to the Corporation such sum as may be agreed in respect of any extra costs of administration incurred by the Corporation in connection with the exercise of those powers and duties."

धारा 17 का संशोधन। 4. मूल ग्रधिनियम की धारा 17 में---

- (क) शोर्ष ग्रीर पाठ में "six" शब्द के स्थान पर जहां भी यह ग्राया है "seven" शब्द रखा जाएगा;
- (ख) खण्ड (e) के अन्त में आए "and" शब्द का लोग किया जाएगा;
- (ग) खण्ड (र्र) में भ्राए चिन्ह "" के स्थान पर "; and" चिन्ह श्रीर शब्द रखे जाएंगे;
- (घ) इस प्रकार संशोधित खण्ड (f) के पश्चात्, निम्नलिखित खण्ड (g) जोड़ा जाएगा, ग्रथित:—
 - "(g) Additional Functions Fund."

धारा 18 का संशोधन। 5. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 18 में, श्रंक श्रौर णब्द "22 and 23" के स्थान पर, "22, 23 and 23-A" अंक, चिन्ह, णब्द ग्रौर वर्ण रखे जाएंगें।

धारा 23-A का ग्रन्त:स्था-

6. मूल ग्रधिनियम की विद्यमान धारा 23 के पश्चात्, निम्नलिखित नई धारा 23-A जोड़ी जाएगी, ग्रर्थात:--

पन ।

- "23-A. Additional Functions Fund.—All amounts that are received by the Corporation from the State Government or from any other source for the performance of the additional functions assigned to it under section 16-A, shall be credited to this fund and it shall be used by the Corporation for the purpose for which such amount has been provided."
- निरसन श्रीर 7. (1) हिमाचल प्रदेश श्रमुसूचित जाति श्रीर श्रमुसूचित जनजाति विकास निगम न्यावृत्तियां। (संशोधन) अध्यादेश, 1991 (1991का 1) एतद्द्वारा निरसित किया जाता है।
 - (2) ऐसे निरसन के होते हुए भी, उप-धारा (1) के अधीन निरसित अध्यादेश के अधीन की गई कोई बात या कार्रवाई, इस अधिनियम क तत्स्थानी उपबन्धों के अधीन की गई समझी जाएगी, मानो कि यह अधिनियम उस दिन प्रवृत्त हो गया था जिस को ऐसी बात या कार्रवाई की गई थी।

उद्देश्यों श्रीर कारणों का कथन

पंच वर्षीय योजनाग्नों के उद्देश्यों को प्राप्त करने के लिए श्रीर समाज के श्रांत करनोर स्तर को ऊपर उठाने के लिए मार्ग प्रशस्त करने के लिए, राज्य सरकार ने श्रन्भूचित जाति श्रीर श्रन्भूचित जनजाति विकास निगम, हिमाचल प्रदेश भूतपूर्व सैनिक निगम जैसे श्रीर इसी तरह के श्रन्थ निगमत निकाय स्थापित किए हैं। इन निकायों का उद्देश्य श्रनुदान, उपवान श्रीर ऋणों की व्यवस्था करके श्रीर यदि श्रावश्यक हो तो, प्रत्याभूति देकर श्रीर श्रन्थ संस्थाश्रों से ऋण लेने के लिए सीमान्त धन की व्यवस्था कर के कमजोर वर्ग के श्रार्थिक विकास की गति को बढ़ाना है। इन द्वारा एक श्रीर तो सरकारी एजेन्सियों श्रीर दूसरी श्रीर जनसाधारण के बीच समन्वय सुनिश्चित करना भी है। इमिलिए कार्यात्मक सप्यन्धों को देखते हुए विभिन्न निगमों श्रीर स्वायक्तशासी निकायों के कृत्यों को मरल श्रीर कारगर रूप देने के लिए, उपिर श्रीर श्रन्य व्ययों, प्रबन्धकीय संगठनात्मक साधन की उपलब्धताश्रों को श्रावश्यकता है। राज्य सरकार ने इन निगमों के कार्य का पुर्निवलोकन करने के पश्चात कुछ निगमों को बन्द करने श्रीर उनका दूसरे निगमों में विलय करने का वितिश्चय किया है। इसलिए, राज्य में कमजीर वर्ग की सामाजिक सुरक्षा या सामाजिक बीमा या उत्थान के सम्बन्ध में हिमाचल प्रदेश श्रनुस्वित जाति श्रीर श्रनुसूचित जनजाति विकास निगम श्रीर इसके श्रिधकारियों को श्रीरिक्त कृत्य सौंपना श्रावश्यक हो गया है। इस उद्देश्यों की पूर्ति के लिए हिमाचल प्रदेश श्रनुसूचित जाति श्रीर श्रनुसूचित जनजाति विकास निगम के कारण उक्त निगम की श्रेयर पूंजी को दस करोड़ रुपये से बढ़ा कर बीस करोड़ रुपये करना भी श्रावश्यक हो गया है। इन उद्देश्यों की पूर्ति के लिए हिमाचल प्रदेश श्रनुसूचित जाति श्रीर श्रनुसूचित जनजाति विकास निगमः श्रीवित्यम, 1979 में संशोधन करना श्रावश्यक हो गया था।

क्योंकि विद्यान सभा सत्न में नहीं थी श्रीर प्रस्तावित संशोधन को तुरन्त प्रभावी बनाया जाना था, इसलिए संविधान के श्रनुच्छेद 213 के खण्ड (1) के श्रधीन राज्यपाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश द्वारा 4 जलाई, 1991 को ब्रिमाचल प्रदेश श्रनुसूचित जाति श्रीर श्रनुसूचित जनजाति विकास निगम (मंशोधन) श्रध्यादेश, 1991 (1991 का 1) प्रख्यापित किया गया था श्रीर 10 जुलाई, 1991 को राजपत्र (प्रताधारण), हिमाचल प्रदेश में प्रकाणित किया गया था। श्रव उक्त श्रध्यादेश को नियमित श्रधिनियमिति द्वारा प्रतिस्थापित किया जाना है।

ग्रतः यह विधेयक पूर्वोक्त ग्रध्यादेश को विना किसी परिवर्तन के प्रतिस्थापित करने के लिए है।

नगीन चन्द्र पाल, प्रभारी मंत्री।

शिमला:

10-9-1991.

वित्रीय ज्ञापन

विधेयन का खण्ड 2. हिमाचल प्रदेश धनुसूचित जाति भीर धनुसूचित जनजाति विकास निगम की शेयर पूंजी को दस करोड़ रुपये से बोल करोड़ रुपये तक बढ़ाने के उद्देश्य के लिए हैं। खण्ड 3 के अधीन प्रन्ता-स्थारित लिए जाने के लिए प्रस्तावित, धारा 16-A की उप-धारा(4) इसकी सौंपे जाने वाले अतिरिक्त कृत्यों का अनुपानन करने के लिए निगम को धन के संदाय का उपबन्ध करती हैं। राज्य सरकार द्वारा, इस प्रयोजन के लिए, तदत्त की जाने वाली रकम का ठीक-ठीक पूर्वानुमान लगाना सम्भव नहीं है। अनिल्म रूप से यह कहा जा सकता है कि विधेयक में अन्तिविष्ट उपबन्धों के अधिनियमित किए जाने पर राज्य कोष से प्रति वर्ष एक करोड़ रुपये का अतिरिक्त आवर्ती ब्यंय अन्तर्विल्स होगा।

प्रस्यायोजित विधान सम्बन्धी जापन

शन्य

भारत के लंबिधान के अनुच्छेद 207 के अधीन राज्यपाल की सिफारिश

[कल्याण विभाग निस्त सं0 कल्याण-ए(5)-30/81]

हिमाचल प्रदेश के राज्यपाल, हिमाचन प्रदेश अनुसूचित जाति और अनुसूचित जनजाति विकास निगम (संगोधन) विधेयक, 1991 की विषय-वस्तु के बारे में सूचित किए जाने के पश्चात् भारत के संविधान के अनुच्छेद 207 के अधीन विधेयक को विधान सभा में पुरःस्थापित करने और उस पर विचार करने की. सिफारिश करते हैं।

Authoritative English Text

Bill No. 16 of 1991.

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDU-LED TRIBES DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (AMENDMENT) BILL, 1991

(AS INTRODUCED IN THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY)

A

BILL

further to amend the Himachal Pradesh Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Development Corporation Act, 1979 (Act. No. 20 of 1979).

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh in the Forty-second Year of the Republic of India, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Development Corporation (Amendment) Act, 1991.

Short title and commencement.

- (2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 10th day of July, 1991.
- 2. In section 5 of the Himachal Pradesh Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Development Corporation Act, 1979 (hereinafter called the principal Act) for the words "ten crores" wherever these occur, the words "twenty crores" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 5.

3. After existing section 16 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Insertion of section 16-A.

- "16-A. Conferment of additional functions on the Corporation.—

 (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Governor may, after consultation with the Corporation, entrust either conditionally or unconditionally to the Corporation or its officers additional functions in relation to the social security or social insurance or uplift of the weaker sections of the society in the State.
- (2) The Governor may, by order in writing and after consultation with the Corporation, confer on the Corporation such powers of supervisory nature over agencies, authorities or officers set up, constituted or appointed by the State Government as are necessary for providing social security or social insurance and uplift of the weaker sections of the society in the State.
- (3) When any additional functions are conferred on the Corporation under sub-section (1), the Corporation shall exercise the same powers, discharge same duties and perform the same functions, as it would have exercised in discharge of duties and performance of functions assigned to it under section 16 and the provisions of this Act shall apply accordingly.

20 of 1979 10 (4) Where by virtue of this section powers and duties have been conferred or imposed upon the Corporation, or officers or authorities thereof, there shall be paid by the State Government to the Corporation such sum as may be agreed in respect of any extra costs of administration incurred by the Corporation in connection with the exercise of those powers and duties."

Amendment of section

- 4. In section 17 of the principal Act—
 - (a) for the word "six" wherever it occurs in its heading and body, the word "seven" shall be substituted;
 - (b) in clause (e) the word "and" occurring at the end, shall be
 - (c) in clause (f), for the sign "", the sign and word "; and" shall be substituted; and
 - (d) after clause (f) so amended, the following clause (g) shall be added, namely :-
 - "(g) Additional Functions Fund."

Amendment of section 18.

- · 5. In section 18 of the principal Act, for the figures and word "22 and 23", the figures, sign, word and alphabet "22, 23 and 23-A" shall be substituted.
- Institution of
- 6. After existing section 23 of the principal Act, the following new section 23-A. section 23-A. shall be added, namely:
 - "23-A. Additional Functions Fund.—All amounts that are received by the Corporation from the State Government or from any other source for the performance of the additional functions assigned to it under section 16-A, shall be credited to this fund and it shall be used by the Corporation for the purpose for which such amount has been provided."

Repael and savings.

7. (1) The Himachal Pradesh Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Development Corporation (Amendment) Ordinance, 1991 is hereby repealed.

1 of 1991

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the Ordinance repealed under sub-section (1), shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Act, as if this Act had come into force on the day on which such thing was done or action was taken.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

In order to achieve the objectives of the five year plans and to pave the way for the unlift of the poorest strata of the society, the State Government has set up corporate bodies such as the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Development Corporation, the Himachal Pradesh Women Development Corporation, the Himachal Pradesh Ex-Servicemen Corporation and the like. The objective of these bodies is to speed up economic development of weaker ections by providing grants-in-aid, subsidies and loans, if necessary, standing guarantee and providing margin money for raising loans from these institutions. These are also to ensure coordination between the Government agencies on the one hand and the public on the other. Thus, in order to streamline the functioning of various corporations and autonomous bodies, keeping in view the functional relationships, there is need to optimise overhead and other expenditures, managerial and organisational resource availabilities and there is also need to minimise compartmentalised and unviable functioning. The State Government after reviewing the functions of these corporations have decided to close down some corporations and merge them into others. Thus, it has become necessary to entrust additional functions to the Himachal Pradesh Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Development Corporation and its officers in relation to the social security in the State. Apart from this in view of decrease of money value, it had also become necessary to raise the share capital of the said corporation from Rs. 10.00 crores to Rs. 20.00 crores. To achieve these objectives it was necessary to amend the Himachal Pradesh Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Development Corporation Act, 1979.

Since the Legislative Assembly was not in session and the proposed amendments had to be given effect immediately, the Himachal Pradesh Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Development Corporation (Amendment) Ordinance, 1991 (H. P. Ordinance No. 1 of 1991) was promulgated under clause (1) of the Article 213 of the Constitution of India by the Governor of Himachal Pradesh on 4th July, 1991 and was published in the Rajpatra, Himachal Pradesh (Extra) on 10th July, 1991. The said Ordinance is now required to be replaced by a regular enactment.

Hence this Bill seeks to replace the aforesaid Ordinance without any modifications.

SHIMLA: 10-9-,1991, NAGIN CHANDER PAUL,

Minister-in-charge.

FINANCIAL MEMORANDUM

Clause 2 of the Bill seeks to increase the share capital of the Himachal Pradesh Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Development Corporation from Rs. 10.00 crores to Rs. 20.00 crores. Sub-section (4) of section 16-A proposed to be inserted under clause 3, provides for the payment of money to the Corporation for performing additional functions to be assigned to it. It is not possible to anticipate the precise quantum of sum to be paid by the State Government for this purpose. Tentatively speaking, the provisions contained in the Bill when enacted will involve 72 additional recurring expenditure out of the State exchequer to the tune of Rs. 1 crore per annum.

MEMORANDUM REGARDING DELEGATED LEGISLATION

-Nil-

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE GOVERNOR UNDER ARTICLE 207 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

[Welfare Department File No. KALYAN-A(5)-30/81]

The Governor of Himachal Pradesh, having been informed of the subject-matter of the Himachal Pradesh Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Development Corporation (Amendment) Bill, 1991, recommends, under Article 207 of the Constitution of India, the introduction and consideration of the Bill in the Legislative Assembly.

शिमला-4, 10 सितम्बर, 1991

सं0 1-30/91-वि0 स0.—हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा प्रक्रिया एवं कार्य संचालन नियमावली, 1973 के नियम 135 क अन्तर्गत, हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा (सदस्यों के भत्ते और पैंशन) (द्वितीय संशोधन) विधेयक, 1991 (1991 का विधेयक संख्यांक 17) जो दिनांक 10-9-1991 को हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा में पुर स्थापित हो गया है, सर्वेसाधारण की सूचनार्थ राजपत्न में मुद्रित करने हेतु प्रेषित किया जाता है।

लक्ष्मण सिंह, सचिव

1991 का विद्येयक संख्यांक 17.

हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा (सदस्यों के भरते और पैंशन) (द्वितीय संशोधन) विधेयक, 1991

(विधान मभा में पुर:स्थापित रूप में)

हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान मभा (मदस्यों के भत्ते ग्रीर पैंशन) ग्रिधिनियम, 1971 (1971 का 8) का ग्रीर संशोधन करने के लिए विधेयक।

भारत गणराज्य के बयालीसवें वर्ष में हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा द्वारा निम्नलिखित रूप में यह प्रधिनियमित हो :--

- इस अधिनियम का संक्षिप्त नाम हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा (सदस्यों के भत्ते संक्षिप्त नाम। और पैंशन) (द्वितीय संशोधन) अधिनियम, 1991 है।
- 1971 का 8 2. हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा (सवस्थों के मले ग्रीर पंशन) ग्रिधिनियम, 1971 धारा 6-ख की धारा 6-ख में— का संशोधन।
 - (क) द्वितीय परन्तुक के अन्त में आए चिन्ह "।" के स्थान पर ":" चिन्ह रखा जाएना ;
 - (ख) द्वितीय परन्तुक के पश्चात् निम्निलिखित तृतीय परन्तुक ग्रन्तःस्थापित किया जाएगा, ग्रर्थात्ः—

"परन्तु यह भौर कि पूर्वगामी परन्तुक के ग्रधीन संदेय ग्रितिरिक्त पैन्शन का ग्रवधारण करने के लिए ग्रवधि की संगणना करते समय, हिमवाधित क्षेत्र (ग्रसमरूप क्षेत्र) में समाविष्ट निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों से निर्वाचित सदस्यों की दशा में, जहां निर्वाचन ग्राम चुनाव के लिए नियत दिन के पश्चात्वर्ती किसी भी दिन करवाए जाते हैं या करवाए जा सकेंगे, उस तारीख, जिसको ग्राम चुनाव में विधान सभा के लिए निर्वाचित सदस्यों को शपथ दिलाई जाती है ग्रीर वह तारीख जिसको, हिमवाधित क्षेत्र (ग्रसमरूप क्षेत्र) से निर्वाचित सदस्यों को शपथ दिलाई जाती है, की मध्यवर्ती ग्रवधि की भी गणना की जाएयी।

स्पष्टीकरण.--पद "हिमवाधित क्षेत्र (ग्रसमरूप क्षेत्र)" से किन्तौर ग्रौर लाहौल एवं स्पिति जिले तथा चम्बा जिला में तहसील पांगी ग्रौर भरमौर ग्रमिप्रत है।"

उद्देश्यों भ्रौर कारणों का कथन

हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा (सदस्यों के भत्ते और पैन्धन) अधिनियम, 1971 की धारा 6-11 (1) में यह उपबन्ध है कि जहां कोई व्यक्ति पांच वर्ष से अधिक अविध के लिए विधान सभा का सदस्य रहे पुष्ठा हो वहां उसे पांच वर्ष से अधिक, प्रत्येक वर्ष के लिए प्रतिभास एक सौ रुपये की अतिरिक्त पैन्धन संदत्त की जाणी क्योंकि हिमवाधित क्षेत्र में समाविष्ट निर्वाचन क्षेत्र से निर्वाचित किसी भूतपूर्व सदस्य को, जहां राज्य में आय चुनाव के लिए नियत दिन के पण्चात्वर्ती किसी दिन को निर्वाचन करवाए जाते हैं, अधिनियम की धारा 6-ख की उप-धारा (1) के दितीय परन्तुक के उपबन्धों के अधीन अतिरिक्त पैन्धन अजित करने के लिए पांच वर्ष की पूरी अविध का लाभ नहीं मिलता है और उसे हिमवाधित क्षेत्र में समाविष्ट निर्वाचन क्षेत्र से भिन्न निर्वाचन क्षेत्र से निर्वाचित सदस्य की तुलना में बराबर संख्या की अविध के लिए पैन्धन में कुछ परिमाण तक केवल मान्न इसिलए हानि उठानी पड़ सकती है क्योंकि उसके मामले में निर्वाचन प्रक्रिया देरी से पूरी होति है। इस प्रकार अतिरिक्त पैन्यन को विनियमित करने वाले उक्त उपबन्धों में, इस विषमता/असंगत्ति को दूर करने की आवश्यकता है। उक्त कारण से पूर्व निर्विद्ध अधिनियम में संशोधन करना आवश्यक हुआ है।

यह विधेयक उक्त उद्देश्यों की पूर्ति के लिए है।

शान्ता कुमार, मुख्य मन्त्री ।

शिमला :

10-9-1991.

(वित्तीय ज्ञापन)

इस विधेयक का खण्ड 2, हिमवाधित क्षेत्र में समाविष्ट निर्वाचन क्षेत्र में निर्वाचित हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा के भूम्यूर्व सदस्य के लिए पैन्शन का उपबन्ध करता है, जहां राज्य में ग्राम चुनाव के लिए नियत दिन से पश्चात्-वर्ती किसी दिन निर्वाचन करवाए जाते हैं। वर्तमानकः ऐसा सदस्य, ग्राधिनियम की धारा 6-ख की उप-धारा (1) के परन्तुक के अधीन ग्रांतिरिका पैन्यन ग्रांजित करने के लिए पूरे पांच वर्ष की ग्रांधि का लाभ प्राप्त नहीं करता है। इस प्रकार प्रस्तावित उपबन्धों के ग्रांधिनियमिन होने पर राजकीय से व्यय ग्रन्तवित्त होगा जिसका कीक ग्रामुमान नहीं लगाया जा सकता है।

प्रत्यायोजित विधान सम्बन्धी जापन

–शून्य–

संविधान के ग्रनुच्छेद 207 के ग्रधीन राज्यपाल की सिफारिश

नस्ति संख्या जी0 ए0 डी0 (पी0 ए0) 4(डी) 8/91

हिमाचल प्रदेश के राज्यपाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा (सदस्यों के भत्ते और पैन्श्वन) (द्वितीय संशोधन) विधेयक, 1991 की विषय-वस्तु के बार में सूचित किए जाने के पश्चात् भारत के संविधान के प्रनुच्छेद 207 के प्रधीन उक्त विधेयक को विधान सभा में पुरःस्थापित करने और उस पर विचार करने की सिफारिश करते हैं।

AUTHORITATIVE ENGLISH TEXT

Bill No 17 of 1991,

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY (ALLOW-ANCES AND PENSION OF MEMBERS) (SECOND AMENDMENT) BILL, 1991

(AS INTRODUCED IN THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY)

A

BILL

further to amend the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly (Allowances and Pension of Members) Act, 1971 (Act No. 8 of 1971).

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh in the Forty-second Year of the Republic of India, as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly (Allowances and Pension of Members) (Second Amendment) Act, 1991.

Short title.

2. In section 6-B of the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly (Allowances and Pension of Members) Act. 1971—

8 of 1971

Amendment of Section 6-B.

- (a) for the sign "." appearing at the end of second proviso, the sign ":" shall be substituted;
- (b) after second proviso, the following third proviso shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "Provided further that while reckoning the period for the determination of the additional pension payable under the preceding proviso, in the case of members elected from the constituencies comprised of snow-bound area (non-synchronous area) where the elections are or may be conducted on any day subsequent to the day fixed for the general elections, the period intervening the date on which the oath is administered to the members elected to the Assembly in the general elections and the date on which the oath is administered to the members elected from the snow-bound area (non-synchronous area) shall also be counted.

Explanation.—The expression "snowbound area (non-synchronous area)" means the area comprising of Kinnaur and Lahaul and Spiti districts and Pangi and Bharmaur tebsils in Chamba district."

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

Sub-section (1) of section 6-B of the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly (Allowances and Pension of Members) Act, 1971, provides that where any person has served the Member of a Legislative Assembly for a period exceeding five years, there shall be paid to him an additional pension of Rs. 100/- per mensem for every year in excess of five years. Since an ex-member elected from a constituency, comprising of snowbound areas, where the elections are conducted on any day subsequent to the day fixed for the general elections in the State, does not get the benefit of full term of five years for earning additional pension under the provisions of second proviso to sub-section (1) of section 6-B of the Act, and he may be a looser to some extent in pension for equal number of terms, as compared to a Member elected from a constituency other than a constituency comprising of snowbound area simply because in his case the election process completed late. Thus, there is a need to remove this anomaly/disparity in the said provisions regulating the additional pension. It has, therefore, necessitated the amendments in the above referred Act.

The Bill seeks to achieve the aforesaid objectives.

SHIMLA:

SHANTA KUMAR.

Chief Minister.

The 10-9-1991.

FINANCIAL MEMORANDUM

Clause 2 of the Bill seeks to provide for pension to an ex-member of the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly elected from a constituency comprising of snowbound areas where the elections are conducted on any day subsequent to the day fixed for the general elections in the State. At present such a member does not get the benefit of full term of five years for earning additional pension under the proviso of sub-section (1) of section 6-B of the Act. Thus, the enactment of the proposed provisions will involve an expenditure from the State ex-chequer which cannot be exactly quantified.

MEMORANDUM REGARDING DELEGATED LEGISLATION

-Nil-

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE GOVERNOR UNDER ARTICLE 207 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

[File No. GAD (PA) 4 (D) 8/91]

The Governor of Himachal Pradesh, having been informed of the subject-matter of the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly (Allowances and Pension of Members) (Second Amendment) Bill, 1991, recommends, under Article 207 of the Constitution of India, the introduction and consideration of the Bill in the Legislative Assembly.

शिमला-4, 11 सितम्बर, 1991

मंख्या 1-31/91-वि 0स 0.—हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा प्रक्रिया एवं कार्य संचालन नियमाबली, 1973 के नियम 135 क अन्तर्गत, हिमाचल प्रदेश मनोरंजन शुल्क (द्वितीय संशोधन) विधेयक, 1991 (1991 का विधेयक संख्यांक 19) जो दिनांक 11-9-1991 को हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा में पुर:स्थापित हो गया है सर्वमाधारण की सूचनार्थ राजपत्न में मुद्रित करने हेत प्रेषित किया जाता है।

लक्ष्मण सिष्ट, सचित्र

धारा 3 का

संशोधन ।

1991 का विधेयक संख्यांक 19.

हिमाचल प्रदेश मनोरंजन शुल्क (द्वितीय संशोधन) विध्येयक, 1991

(विधान सभा में पुर:स्थापित रूप में)

हिमाचल प्रदेश मनोरंजन शुल्क ग्रधिनियम, 1968 (1968 का 12) का ग्रौर मंशोधन करने के लिए विधेयक।

भारत गणराज्य के ब्यालीमवें वर्ष में हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा द्वारा निम्नलिखित रूप में यह अधिनियमित हो:--

संक्षिप्त नाम। 1. इस ग्रधिनियम का संक्षिप्त नाम हिमाचल प्रदेश मनोरंजन शुल्क (द्वितीय संशोधन) ग्रधिनियम, 1991 है।

1968 কা 12

2. हिमाचल प्रदेश मनोरंजन शुल्क ग्रधिनियम, 1968 (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् मूल प्रधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (2) के स्थान पर निम्न-लिखित उप-धारा रखी जाएगी. ग्रयांत:---

"(2) उप-धारा(1) ग्रीर प्रधिनियम में टिकट से प्रवेण के सम्बन्ध में ग्रन्तविष्ट ग्रन्य उपबन्धों में किसी बात के होते हुए भी, सरकार, उम स्थान जिसमें मनोरजन होता है, की धारिता और प्रवेश के लिए संदाय को ध्यान में रखने के पश्चात्, विहित रीति में, उप-धारा (1) के ग्रधीन प्रभार्य शुल्क के स्थान पर मनोरंजन के किसी वर्ग के लिए एकमुक्त मनोरंजन शुल्क स्वीकार कर सकेगी और साठ व्यक्तियों तक की सीटों की धारिता रखने वाले किसी वीडियो-प्रदर्शन के स्वत्वधारी से भिन्न स्वत्वधारी से ग्रग्रिम में प्रति मास वसूल कर सकेगी:

परन्तु को को संदाय पर प्रदर्शित करने ग्रौर साठ व्यक्तियों तक की सीटों की धारिता रखने वाले, वीडियो-प्रदर्शन का स्वत्वधारी, मनोरंजन शल्क को श्रिप्रम में और तीस हजार रुपये प्रति मास से अनिधक दर पर जैसी सरकार द्वारा विहित रीति में समय-समय पर विनिर्दिष्ट की जाए, संदत्त करेगा।"

3. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 7 के पश्चात्, निम्नलिखित नई धारा 7-क प्रन्त:-स्थापित की जाएगी, ग्रर्थात :---

नई धारा 7 - क का ग्रन्त: स्थापन।

"7-ंक श्रायक्त और अन्य कराधायक प्राधिकारियों को सहायता.— इस ग्रधिनियम के ग्रधीन उनके कर्तव्यों के पालन में, ग्रायुक्त, मनोरंजन कर अधिकारी और इस अधिनियम की धारा 7 के अधीन आयुक्त की महायता करने को नियुक्त व्यक्तियों की सहायता करने के लिए, जब भी अपेक्षित हो, सभी पुलिस अधिकारी आबद्ध होंगे, और उस प्रयोजन के लिए उनको वही शक्तियां प्राप्त होंगी जो उन्हें साधारण पुलिस कर्तव्यों के निर्वहन के लिए प्राप्त हैं।"

 मूल अधिनियम की धारा 16 की उप-धारा (2) के पश्चात्, निम्नलिखित बारा 16 का नई उप-धाराएं (3) ग्रौर (4) जोड़ी जाएंग़ी, ग्रर्थात्:--

संशोधन ।

"(3) यदि उप-धारा (1) में निर्दिष्ट किसी अधिकारी के पास यह विश्वास करने का युक्तियुक्त प्राधार हो कि कोई स्वत्वधारी इस ग्रिधिनियम के ग्रिधीन मनोरंजन शुक्त या ग्रन्य दयों का ग्रपवंचन करने का प्रयत्न कर रहा है तो, वह स्वत्वधारी के किसी कार्यालय, दुकान, गोदाम, जलयान, यान या कारबार क किसी ग्रन्य स्थान या किसी इमारत, निवास-गृह, या स्थान जहां एसे श्रिधकारी को यह विश्वास करने का कारण हो कि स्वत्वधारी तत्समय, श्रपने कारबार से मम्बन्धित कोई बहियां, लेखे, रजिस्टर, दस्तावेज या माल रखता है या रख रहा है, की तलाशी ने सकेगा:

परन्तु निवासगृह में प्रवेश या तलाशी-

- (i) सूर्यास्त के पश्चात् श्रौर सूर्योदय से पूर्व ;
- (ii) आबकारी और कराधान अधिकारी की पंक्ति से नीचे के किसी अधिकारी द्वारा ; और
- (iii) जिला मजिस्ट्रेट, जिसकी ग्रिप्तकारिता में ऐसा गृह स्थित है, की पूर्व मंजूरी ग्रिभप्राप्त किए बिना ;

नहीं की जाएगी।

(4) उप-धारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों के ग्रन्तर्गत किसी सन्दूक या पात्र को, जिसमें स्वत्वधारी की कोई बहियां, लेखे, रिजस्टर या अन्य सुसंगत दस्तावेज रखे जा नकते हैं, खोलने ग्रीर तलाशी लेने की शक्ति भी है।"

नई आरा 16-क का अन्तःस्थापन ।

- 5. मूल ग्रिधिनियम की धारा 16 के पश्चात्, निम्नलिखित नई धारा 16-क ग्रन्त:स्थापित की जाएगी, ग्रर्थात्:—
 - "16-क बीडियो कैसेट रिकार्डर ग्रांदि को निरुद्ध रखने की शक्ति.— भारा 16 के ग्रंधीन प्राधिकृत कोई ग्रंधिकारी, यदि उसे यह विश्वास करने का कारण हो कि कोई स्वत्वधारी इस ग्रंधिनिध्म के ग्रंधीन ग्रंधिरीपित शुल्क या शास्ति, यदि कोई हो, के संदाय के बिना वीडियो प्रदर्शन चला रहा है या जहां स्वत्वधारी शुल्क या शास्ति, यदि कोई हो, संदत्त करने से इन्कार करता है अथवा उसके संदाय के सम्बन्ध में कोई सबून प्रस्तुत करने में ग्रंमफल रहता है, वीडियो कैसेट रिकार्डर या टेलीविजन या टेलीविजन से संलग्न यंत्र ग्रंथवा टेलीविजन के पर्दे पर फिल्में पारेषित करने के लिए प्रयोग की जाने वाली मशीन या सिनेमा प्रोजैक्टर के सिवाय किसी ग्रन्य यन्त्र को जो किन्हीं ग्रन्य साधनों के माध्यम से पर्दे पर फिल्में पारेषित करते हैं, निरुद्ध कर सकेगा, ग्रीर इस प्रयोजन के लिए इन वस्तुष्यों या माल की ग्रस्थायी सुरक्षित ग्रंभिरक्षा के लिए कोई पग, जैसे वह ठीक समझे, उठा सकेगा या कारिन करवा सकेगा:

परन्तु जैम ही शुल्क या शास्ति, यदि कोई हो, संदत्त कर दी गई हो तो निमद्ध वीडियो कैसेट रिकार्डर या ग्रन्य वस्तुग्रों को निर्मृक्त कर दिया जाएगा।"

उद्देश्यों ग्रीर कारणों का जयन

हिमाचल प्रदेश मनोरंजन शुल्क ब्रिधिनियन, 1968 की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (2) के ब्रिधीन राज्य मरकार केवल वीडियो प्रदर्णन पर एक नुकत मनोरंजन शुल्क उद्गृहीत कर सकती है किन्तु चलचित प्रदर्शनों और ग्रन्य मनोरंजनों के सम्बन्ध में ऐसे कोई उनवन्ध विद्यमान नहीं हैं और इन पर शुल्क मरकार द्वारा आरी की गई ग्रासंजक स्टाम्पों से टिक्टों को स्टाम्पित करके उद्गृहीत किया जाता है। इसलिए सुविधा के कारणों से इन मनोरंजनों पर टिक्टों के ग्राधार के स्थान पर एक मुक्त ग्राधार पर शुल्क के संवाय के लिए मांग की जा रही है। इसलिए, शुल्क के संग्रहण को ग्राधिक सरल बनाने के लिए, पूर्वीकत ग्राधिनियम की धारा 3 में संशोधन करना ग्रावश्यक है। इसके ग्राविरिक्त, निनेमा स्वामियों की ग्रापने सिनेमा घरों को वीडियो घरों में संपर्शितिक करने की प्रवृति को ग्रागे नियनिक्ष करने के लिए, वीडियो प्रदर्शन के बारे में सीटीं की धारित। को साठ सीटों तक विहित करना भी ग्रावश्यक है।

वीडियो प्रदर्शन के स्वत्वधारा प्रायः शुल्क का संदाय भी नहीं करते हैं और सरकारी राजस्व बकाया में रह जाता है। व गायों के जमा होने और समय पर वसूली को सुनिश्चित करने के लिए, वीडियो मर्शानों के निरुद्ध करने के लिए उपवन्ध करना भी ग्रावश्यक है। इस प्रयोजन के लिए, पुलिस सहायता ली जानी भी ग्रावश्यक हो सकती है। तद्नुसार, इस निमित्त वीडियो मशीनों को निरुद्ध करने और ग्रोक्षित पुलिस सहायता सुनिश्चित करने समबन्धी शक्तियों के उपवन्धों को समिनलित करना ग्रावश्यक है।

यह विधेयक पूर्वोक्त उद्देग्ध की पूर्ति के लिए है।

नगीन चन्द्र पाल, प्रभारी मन्त्री।

शिमला:

11 सितम्बर, 1991.

विःतीय ज्ञापन

यह विधेयक नए कर उदगृहीत करने का प्रस्ताव नहीं करता है। विधेयक के उपबन्धों को प्रधिनियमित किए जाने पर उन्हें विद्यमान सरकारी तन्त्र के माध्यम से प्रचित्ति किया जाएगा । झतः राज्य सरकार को कोई अतिरिक्त ग्राय नहीं होगी ग्रौर न ही कोई अतिरिक्त व्यय ग्रन्तर्विति होगा ।

प्रत्यायोजित विधान सम्बन्धी ज्ञापन

विधेयक का खण्ड 2 मनोरंजन शुल्क की दर और संदाय की रीति को विनिर्दिष्ट करने के लिए, राज्य सरकार को प्राधिकृत करने का प्रस्ताव करता है। यह प्रत्यायोजन स्रावश्यक और सामान्य स्वरूप का है।

संविधान के अनुचछेद 207 के अधीन राज्यपाल की सिफारिशों

ग्रिवकारी और कराधान विभाग नस्ति सं0 ई0 एक्स 0 एन 0-एफ 0 (15)-1/89]

हिमाचल प्रदेश के राज्यवाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश मनोरंजन शुल्क (द्वितीय संशोधन) विधेयक, 1991 की विषय-वस्तु के बारे में सूचित किए जाने के पश्चात, भारत के संविद्यान के अनुष्छेद 207 क अधीन उक्त विधेयक को विधान सभा में पुर:स्थापित करने और उस पर विचार करने की सिफारिश करते हैं।

AUTHORITATIVE ENGLISH TEXT

Bill No. 19 of 1991.

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH ENTERTAINMENTS DUTY (SECOND AMENDMENT) BILL, 1991

(As Introduced in the Legislative Assembly)

A BILL

further to amend the Himachal Pradesh Entertainments Duty Act, 1968 (Act No. 12 of 1968).

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh in the Forty-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Entertainments Duty (Second Amendment) Act, 1991.

Short title.

2. For sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Himachal Pradesh Entertainments Duty Act, 1968 (hereinafter called the principal Act) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

Amendment of section 3.

- "(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) and other provisions in relation to admission by tickets contained in the Act, the Government may, after taking into consideration the capacity of the place in which the entertainment is held and the payment for admission, accept, in the prescribed manner, lump-sum entertainment duty for any class of entertainment in lieu of the duty chargeable under sub-section (1) and recover the same in advance per month from the proprietor other than the proprietor of a video exhibition having seating capacity upto sixty persons:
- Provided that the proprietor of a video exhibition, exhibiting shows on payment and having seating capacity upto sixty persons, shall pay entertainment duty in advance and at a rate not exceeding rupees 30,000 per month as may, in the manner prescribed, be specified by the Government from time to time."
- 3. After section 7 of the principal Act, the following new section 7-A shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "7-A. Assistance to Commissioner and other taxing authorities.—All police officers shall be bound to assist the Commissioner, the Entertainment Tax Officers and other persons appointed to assist the Commissioner under section 7 of this Act, when required, in the performance of their duties under this Act, and, for that purpose they shall have the same powers which they have in the discharge of their ordinary police duties."
- 4. After sub-section (2) of section 16 of the principal Act, the following new sub-sections (3) and (4) shall be added, namely:—
 - "(3) If any officer referred to in sub-section (1) has reasonable grounds to believe that any proprietor is trying to evade entertainment duty

Insertion of new section

Amendment of section 16.

or other dues under this Act, he may search any office, shop, godown, vessel, vehicle, or any other place of business of the proprietor or any building, dwelling house, or place where such officer has reason to believe that the proprietor keeps or is, for the time being, keeping any books, accounts, registers, documents or goods relating to his business:

Provided that no entry or search in the dwelling house shall be made—

- (i) after the sunset and before the sunrise;
- (ii) by an officer below the rank of an Excise and Taxation Officer; and
- (iii) without obtaining the sanction of the District Magistrate within whose jurisdiction such house is situated.
- (4) The powers conferred by sub-section (3) shall include the power to open and search any box or receptacle in which any books, accounts, registers or other relevant documents of the proprietor may be contained."

Insertion of 16-A.

- 5. After section 16 of the principal Act, the following new section 16-A new section shall be inserted, namely:-
 - "16-A. Power to detain video cassette recorders, etc.—Any officer authorised under section 16 may, if he has reasons to believe that any proprietor is running a video exhibition without payment of duty or penalty, if any, imposed under this Act or where the proprietor refuses to pay the duty or penalty, if any, or fails to produce any proof regarding the payment thereof, detain the video cassette recorder or television or apparatus attached to television or machine used for transmitting the films to the television screen or any other apparatus which transmits films on screen through any other means except a cinema projector. and for this purpose take or cause-to be taken any steps as he may consider proper for the temporary safe custody of these articles or goods:

Provided that the video cassette recorder or other articles detained shall be released as soon as the duty or penalty, if any, has been paid."

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

Under sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Himachal Pradesh Entertainments Duty Act, 1968, the State Government can levy lump-sum entertainments duty only on video exhibitions but such provisions do not exist in relation to cinematograph exhibitions and other entertainments and duty on these is levied by stamping tickets with adhesive stamps issued by the Government. For reasons of convenience, there is demand for payment of duty on these entertainments on lump-sum basis instead of on the basis of tickets. Therefore, in order to make the collection of duty easier, it is essential to amend section 3 of the aforesaid Act. Besides this, in order to further curb the tendency of cinema owners to convert their cinema halls into video halls, it is essential to prescribe the seating capacity in respect of the video exhibitions at sixty seats.

Further, the proprietor of video exhibitions frequently do not make payment of duty and the Government revenue goes into arrears. In order to prevent piling up of arrears and to ensure timely recovery, it is essential to provide for detention of video machines. For this purpose, police assistance may also become necessary. Accordingly, it is essential to incorporate the provisions relating to powers to detain video machines and to ensure requisite police assistance in this behalf.

This Bill seeks to achieve the aforesaid objectives.

NAGIN CHANDER PAL, Minister-in-charge.

SHIMLA:

The 11th September, 1991.

FINANCIAL MEMORANDUM

The Bill does not propose to levy fresh taxes. The provisions of the Bill when enacted, are to be enforced through the existing Government machinery. As such there will be no extra income to the State Government and no additional expenditure will be involved.

MEMORANDUM REGARDING DELEGATED LEGISLATION

Clause 2 of the Bill proposes to authorise the State Government to specify the rate and manner of payment of entertainment duty. This delegation is essential and normal in character.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE GOVERNOR UNDER ARTICLE 207 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

[Excise and Taxation Department File No. EXN-F (15)-1/89]

The Governor, Himachal Pradesh, after having been informed of the subject-matter of the Himachal Pradesh Entertainments Duty (Second Amendment) Bill, 1991, recommends, under Article 207 of the Constitution of India, the introduction and consideration of the said Bill in the State Legislative Assembly.

शिमला-4, 11 सितम्बर, 1991

मं0 1-32/91-वि0 स0.—हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा प्रक्रिया एवं कार्य संचालन नियमावली, 1973 के नियम 135 के प्रन्तर्गत, हिमाचल प्रदेश माधारण विश्रय कर (मंशोधन ग्रौर विधिमान्यकरण) विधेयक, 1991 (1991 का विधेयक संख्यांक 28) जो दिनांक 11-9-91 को हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा में पुर:स्थापित हो गया है, सर्वसाधारण की सूचनार्थ राजपत्न में मुद्रित करने हेतु प्रेषित किया जाता है।

लक्ष्मण सिंह, सचिव ।

1991 का विशेषक संख्रीक 20.

हिमाचल प्रदेश साधारण विकय कर (संशोधन और विधिमान्यकरण) विधेयक, 1991

(विधान सभा में पूर:स्थापित रूप में)

हिमानल प्रदेश साधारण विकय कर ग्राधिनियम, 1968 (1968 का 24) का ग्रीर संशोधन करने ग्रीर प्रथम अप्रैल, 1991 से 15 जून, 1991 तक की प्रविध के दौरान किए गए कतिपय संव्यवहारों पर कर के उद्युद्धण और संग्रहण की विधिमान्य बनाने के जिए विधेयक।

भारत गणराज्य के वयालीसर्वे वर्ष में हिमाचल प्रदेश विद्यान सभा द्वारा निम्नलिखित हप में यह अधिनियमित हो :---

 इस अबिनियम का संक्षिप्त नाम हिमाचल प्रदेश माधारण विकय कर (संशोधन संक्षिप्तनाम । श्रीर विधिमान्यकरण) श्रवित्यम, 1991 है।

2. हिमाचल प्रदेश साधारण विकय कर ऋधिनियम, 1968 (जिसे इसमें इसके 1968 का पश्चात् मूल प्रशितियम कहा गया है) की धारा 4 की उप-धारा (6) के खण्ड (c) में शब्दों, और चिन्ह "tandoor," "loh," "dhaba," "halwai shop," और "Indian" का लोग किया जाएगा।

धारा 4का संगोधन ।

धारा 12का

संशोधन ।

3. मुल अधिनियम की धारा 12 की उन-धारा (4) में,---

(क) गन्दों "District Excise and Taxation Officer" जहां कहीं भी ये बाए हैं, के स्थान पर "Assistant Excise and Taxation Commissioner or Excise and Taxation officer-incharge of the District" शब्द एवे पाएंगे ;

(ख) प्रथम परन्तुक में, णब्दों 'local Scheduled Bank' के स्थान पर "local branch of a Scheduled Bank" गहर एवं गाएंगे ग्रीर इस प्रकार संशोधित प्रथम परन्तुक के पश्चात् किन्तु द्विनीय परन्तुक से पूर्व, निम्तलिखित नया परन्तुक अन्तःस्थानित किया जाएगा, श्रथात :--

"Provided further that where the payment is made through a crossed cheque such crossed cheque must be delivered in the office of the assessing authority concerned, not less than ten clear days before the expiry of the due date prescribed under sub-section(3) for filing the return, and the dealer shall be deemed to have made the payment on the date on which such crossed cheque, after its presentation in the bank, is actually credited into the Government account and necessary receipt is issued by the bank in favour of the dealer:"

4. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 12 के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित धारा 12-A अन्त:-स्थापित की जाएगी, ग्रर्थात्:---

"12-A. Tax deduction from the bills/invoices of the works contractors.-(1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in section 13, every person making any payment or discharge of any

धारा 12-A का अन्त: स्थापन ।

liability on account of valuable consideration payable for the transfer of property in goods, whether as goods or in some other form, involved in the execution of works contract shall deduct an amount not exceeding four per centum, as may be prescribed, purporting to be a part or full of the tax payable on such sales, from the bills or invoices raised by the works contractor as payable by the person:

Previded that no such payment or discharge of any bill raised by the works contractor shall be made without deduction:

Provided further that if the State Government is satisfied that it is necessary to do so in the interest of the State revenue it may notify the names/posts of such persons who shall be competent persons to make such deduction:

- (2) The deduction referred to in sub-section (1) shall be made in the manner which may be prescribed.
- (3) The payment of such deduction into the Government Treasury shall be the responsibility of the person making such deduction.
- (4) The person making such deduction shall issue deduction certificate in the prescribed manner to the person or dealer from whose bill or invoice, such deduction has been made.
- (5) If any person contravenes any or all of the provisions of sub-sections (1), (3) and (4), the prescribt d authority shall, after giving an opportunity of being heard, by an order in writing, direct that such person shall pay by way of penalty, a sum not exceeding twice the amount of tax deductible under sub-section (1).
- (6) The provisions of sections 16 and 16-A for recovery of any amount of tax due from a dealer shall, mutatis mutandis, apply for recovery of any amount of tax, deducted and/or any penalty imposed but not deposited under this section."

धारा 16-कि का ग्रन्तःस्थापन ।

- 5. मूल ग्रिधिनियम की धारा 16 के पश्चात्, निम्नलिखित धारा 16-A ग्रन्तःस्थापित की जाएगी, ग्रर्थात् :—
- "16-A. Special mode of recovery.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 16 or any law or contract to the contrary, Commissioner or any officer other than an Excise and Taxation Inspector, appointed under section 3 to assist the Commissioner may, at any time or from time to time, by notice in writing, a copy of which shall be sent to the dealer at his last address known to the officer issuing the notice, require,—
 - (a) any person from whom any amount is due or may become due to a dealer who has failed to comply with a notice of demand for any amount due under this Act,
 - (b) any person who holds or may subsequently hold any money for or on account of such dealer,

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to pay into the Government treasury in the manner specified in the notice issued under this sub-section, either forthwith or upon the money becoming due or being held, or at or within the time specified in the notice (not being before the money becomes due or it is held), so much of the money as is sufficient to pay the amount due from the dealer in respect of the arrears of the tax, interest and penalty under this Act, or the whole of the money when it is equal to or less than that amount.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the amount due to a dealer or money held for or on account of a dealer by any person shall be computed after taking into account such claim, if any, as may have fallen due for payment by such dealer to such person and as may be lawfully subsisting.

- (2) The officer issuing a notice under sub-section (1) may at any time, or from time to time, amend or revoke any such notice or extend the time for making any payment in pursuance of the notice.
- (3) Any person making any payment in compliance with a notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to have made the payment under the authority of the dealer and the treasury receipt for such payment shall constitute a good and sufficient discharge of the liability of such person to the extent of the amount specified in the receipt.
- (4) Any person discharging any liability to the dealer after service on him of the notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be personally liable to the State Government to the extent of the liability discharged or to the extent of the liability of the dealer for tax, interest and penalty, whichever is less.
- (5) Where a person on whom a notice is served under sub-section (1), proves to the satisfaction of the Officer who issued the notice that the sum demanded or any part thereof was not due to the dealer or that he did not hold any money for or on account of the dealer, at the time the notice was served on him, then nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to require such person to pay into the Government treasury any such money or part thereof, as the case may be.
- (6) Any amount of money which a person is required to pay under subsection (1), or for which he is personally liable to the State Government under sub-section (4) shall, if it remains unpaid, be recoverable as an arrear of land revenue.
- (7) The provisions of this section shall be without prejudice to any action that may be taken for the recovery of the arrears of tax, interest and penalty, if any, due from the dealer."
- 6. मूल ग्रधिनियम की धारा 30 की उप-धारा (5) में, शब्द "tax" जहां कहीं भी ग्राया है, "tax (including interest payable)" शब्द, और कीष्ठक रखे जाएंगे।

7. मूल श्रधिनियम की धारा 35 के स्थान पर, निम्नलिखित धारा 35 रखी जाएगी धारा 35 का श्रीर तत्पश्चात्, निम्नलिखित धारा 35-A श्रीर धारा 36-B श्रन्तःस्थापित की प्रतिस्वापन

धारा 30 कासंशोधन। जाएगी, अर्गात :---

स्रोर धारा 35-A भीर भारा 35-B का भन्त:-स्थापना।

- "35. Offences and penalties.—(1) Any person who—
 - (a) wilfully acts in contravention of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder; or
 - (b) furnishes a certificate under sub-section (2) of section 6, which he knows or has reason to believe it to be false; or
 - (c) being a registered dealer, falsely represents when purchasing any class of goods for use by him in the manufacture of any goods for sale, that goods of such class are covered by his certificate of registration; or
 - (d) not being a registered dealer, falsely represents when purchasing goods in Himachal Pradesh that he is a registered dealer; or
 - (e) after purchasing any goods for any of the purposes specified in the Act, fails, without reasonable excuse, to make use of the goods for any such purpose; or
 - (f) has in his possession any form issued under the Act on payment by the Government, which has not been obtained by him or by his principal or by his agent in accordance with the provisions of this Act or any rules made thereunder; or
 - (g) prevents inspection or examination of books, documents and accounts or wilfully fails to produce such books, documents and accounts mentioned in section 20; or
 - (h) fails to carry with him any of the records or documents specified in section 22; or
 - (i) makes any statement or declaration in any of the documents specified in section 22 or section 22-A, as the case may be, which statement or declaration he knows or, has reasons to believe to be false; or
 - (j) in any way is knowingly concerned in any fraudulant evasion or attempt at evasion or abetment of evasion of any tax payable in respect of the sale or purchase of any goods under this Act; or
 - (k) if he is a driver or any other person incharge of goods vehicle or vessel or an owner of the goods refuses on demand by the officer-in-charge of the check post or barrier or any other officer, not below the rank of an Excise and Taxation Inspector, to give his name and address or the name and address of the owner of the goods vehicle or of the consignor or consignee of the goods or gives any name and address of any of these persons which he knows or has reason to believe to be false; or
 - (1) aids or abets any person in the commission of any offence specified in this sub-section;

he shall, without prejudice to the recovery of any tax or interest or penalty which may be due from him, be punishable with simple imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both; and when the offence is a continuing offence, with a daily fine which may extend to fifty rupees for every day during which the offence continues.

- (2) Whosoever contravenes or fails to comply with, any of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder, or any order or direction made or given thereunder, shall, if no other penalty is provided either under sub-section (1) of this section or under any other provisions of this Act for such contravention or failure, be liable to imposition of a penalty, not exceeding two thousand rupees, and where such contravention or failure is continuing one, to a daily penalty not exceeding fifty rupees during the period of the continuance of the contravention or failure.
- (3) Any officer-in-charge of the check post or barrier or any other officer, not below the rank of an Excise and Taxation Officer, appointed under sub-section (1) of section 3 or such other officer as the State Government may, by notification, appoint, may after affording to the person concerned a reasonable opportunity of being heard, impose the penalty mentioned in sub-section (2):

Provided that the officer-in-charge of the check post or a barrier shall exercise such powers only at such check posts or barriers.

35-A. Imposition of penalty in lieu of prosecution.—If any person specified in sub-section (1) of section 35 is guilty of any offence under that sub-section, any officer incharge of a check post or barrier or any other officer not below the rank of an Excise and Taxation Officer appointed under sub-section (1) of section 3, or such other officer as the State Government may, by notification, appoint, within his jurisdiction, may, after affording to the person concerned a reasonable opportunity of being heard, by order, in writing, impose upon him by way of penalty a sum not exceeding one and a half times the tax which would have been levied under this Act in respect of the sale to him of the goods, if the sale had been a sale falling within this Act:

Provided that the penalty in case of non-taxable goods shall be calculated as if such goods were liable to tax at the rate of ten paise in a rupee:

Provided further that the penalty for offences under sub-section (7) of section 12 shall be imposed under the same sub-section:

Provided further that no prosecution for an offence under sub-section (1) of section 35 shall be instituted in respect of the same facts on which a penalty has been imposed under this section or sub-section (7) of section 12.

- 35-B. Cognizance of offences.—(1) No court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act or the rules made thereunder except with previous sanction of the Government or of such officer as may be authorised by a notification published in Official Gazette and no Court inferior to that of a Magistrate of the first class shall try any such offence.
- (2) All offences punishable under sub-section (1) of section 35 of this Act shall be cognizable and bailable.".
 - 8. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 40 की उप-धारा (2) में,--

(क) खण्ड (h) के पश्चात् निम्नलिखिते 'खण्ड । (hh) जोड़ा जाएगा, ग्रंथीत :—

"(hh) the manner in which deductions are to be made and the deduction certificate is to be issued under sub-sections (1) and (4) of section 12-A;"; and

धारा 40 का संशोधन

- (ख) खण्ड (r) के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित खण्ड (rr) और खण्ड (rrr) जोडे जाएंगे, ग्रर्थात:---
- "(rr) the form and the manner in which the certificate under section 42-B is to be furnished;
- (rrr) the restrictions and conditions subject to which and the manner in which the set off under sub-section (2) of section 42-C is to be granted;".
- धारा 42 का 9. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 42 के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित धारा प्रतिस्थापित की प्रतिस्थापन। जाएगी, अर्थात् :—
 - "42. Powers to exempt.—(1) The Government, if satisfied that it is necessary or expedient so to do in the interest of cottage industries or small scale industries may, by notification, exempt either wholly or to such extent only as may be specified in the said notification any class of co-operative societies or persons from the payment of tax leviable on the sale of goods manufactured by such societies/or persons subject to such conditions as may specified in such notification.
 - (2) Every notification issued under sub-section (1) shall, as soon as may be after it is issued, be laid before the State Legislature."

धाराम्रों 42-A, 42-B, 42-C म्रोर 42-D का म्रन्त:-स्थापन।

- 10. मूल म्रधिनियम की धारा 42 के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित धाराएं 42-A, 42-B, 42-C म्रीर 42-D म्रन्तःस्थापित की जाएंगी, मर्थात् :--
 - "42-A Special provisions relating to deferred payment of tax by industrial units.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provisions of this Act, if the Government is of the opinion that with a view to provide incentives to entrepreneurs setting up new industrial units in the State for manufacturing goods for sale, it is necessary or expedient in the public interest so to do, it may, under a scheme notified in this behalf under this Act and subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be specified in such scheme, provide for deferred payment of tax payable under section 12 by such entrepreneur who is registered as a dealer under this Act.
 - (2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), the entrepreneur referred to therein, if eligible for grant of facility of deferred payment of tax under the scheme notified under sub-section (1) may make deferred payment of tax payable on the sale of goods manufactured by him.
 - 42-B. Concessional rate of tax on certain raw materials.—Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, but subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be specified, the State Government may, if it is expedient in the public interest so to do, by notification, exempt wholly or fix a concessional rate of tax, on the sale, to an entrepreneur, of goods, specified in his certificate of registration, for use by him as raw material in the manufacture in

Himachal Pradesh of any goods-

- (a) for sale in the State of Himachal Pradesh; or
- (b) for sale in the course of inter-state trade or commerce:

Provided that the tax on such sales shall be levied at full rates fixed under section 6 unless the dealer making the sale to such entrepreneur furnishes to the assessing authority in the prescribed form and manner a certificate duly filled in and signed by the eligible entrepreneur.

- 42-C. Set off of tax in respect of tax paid goods, in certain circumstances.—
 (1) Subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be prescribed, a set off, as provided in sub-section (2), shall be granted in such manner as may be prescribed, to a registered dealer in respect of tax paid goods in the circumstances mentioned in sub-section (2).
- (2) When the registered dealer purchases any goods, which have suffered tax either under sub-section (2) of section 6 at full rates or under section 42 or section 42-B at the concessional rates, for use of such goods as raw-material in the manufacture in Himachal Pradesh of any goods for sale, he shall be entitled to a set off of tax equal to the difference between the aggregate liability on the sale of final product minus the amount of tax already paid by the selling dealer.
- 42-D. Penalty for utilisation of goods for other purposes.—Where any goods purchased by a registered dealer either under sub-section(1) of section 42 or sub-section(1) of section 42-B, at concessional rates, for use by him in the manufacture of any goods in Himachal Pradesh, other than goods declared tax free under section 7—
 - (a) for sale in the State of Himachal Pradesh; or
 - (b) for sale in the course of inter-State trade or commerce, are utilised by him for any purpose other than those specified in clause (a) or (b), such dealer shall be liable to pay as penalty, such amount not less than the difference between the amount of tax on the sale of such goods at the full rate applicable thereto under section 6 and the amount of tax payable under sub-section (1) of section 42 or sub-section (1) of section 42-B, but not exceeding one and a half times the amount of tax payable at such full rate, as any officer appointed under sub-section (1) of section 3 may, by order, impose:

Provided that no order imposing such penalty shall be passed under this section unless such dealer has been given a reasonable opportunity of being heard."

11. (1) The provisions of section 6 of the principal Act, as amended by section 4 of the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Act, 1991 shall be deemed to be and to have always been valid and effective from the 1st day of April, 1991 irrespective of the fact that the said Act, after having been passed by the State Legislature on 20th day of March, 1991,

विधिमान्य-करण ग्रौर छुट। has been assented to on 18th day of April, 1991 and published in the Official Gazette on 20th day of April, 1991, and accordingly—

- (a) the tax leviable in pursuance of the notification No. EXN-F(11)-1/91 dated the 2nd May, 1991 published in the extra-ordinary issue of the Official Gazette, dated 3rd May, 1991 and notification No.EXN-F(11)-1/91, dated 13th June, 1991 published in the extra-ordinary issue of the Official Gazette, dated the 15th June, 1991 at the rates of 8,11,7.5, 30 and 3.5 paise in a rupee shall be deemed to be and shall be deemed always to have been levied with effect from 1st day of April, 1991; and
- (b) the tax leviable in pursuance of notification No.EXN-F(11)1/91, dated the 13th June, 1991 published in the extra-ordinary issue of the Official Gazette, dated the 15th June, 1991 at the rate of 2.5% for the first five years and at the rate of 4.5% for the next five years in respect of goods leviable to general sales tax at the rate of 8% and in case of goods leviable to general sales tax upto the rate of 11%, the rate of 4% for the first five years and 6% for the next five years shall be deemed to be and shall be deemed always to have been levied with effect from 1st day of April, 1991;

and notwithstanding any judgment or decree or order of any court, tribunal or authority to the contrary no notification which was issued under section 6 of the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax Act, 1968 as amended by the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax (Améndment) Act, 1991, before the commencement of this Act and which levied or authorised the levy of or purported to levy or authorise the levy of the tax (hereafter in this section referred to as the aforesaid tax) at enhanced rate shall be deemed to be invalid or ever to have been invalid on the ground merely that the authority issuing such notifications did not have competence to issue such notification, and accordingly—

24 of 1968 5 of 1991

- (i) all the aforesaid taxes levied or collected or purporting to have been levied or collected under section 6 of the principal Act before the commencement of this Act shall be deemed and be deemed always to have been validly levied or collected in accordance with law;
- (ii) no suit or other proceeding shall be maintained or continued in any court or before any tribunal or authority for the refund of, and no enforcement shall be made by any court, tribunal or authority of any decree or order directing the refund of any such aforesaid tax which has been collected;
- (iii) recoveries shall be made in accordance with the provisions of said section 6 and the notifications of all amounts which would have been collected thereunder as such aforesaid tax if this section had been inforce at all material times.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1)—
 - (a) Where any sale of goods taxable at the rates specified in the notification No. EXN-F(11)-1/91, dated 2nd M ay, 1991 referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (1) of this section has been affected during the period between the 1st day of April, 1991 and 3rd day of M ay, 1991;

(b) where any purchase of resin taxable at the rate of 8 paise in a rupee specified in the notification No. EXN-F(11)-1/91, dated 13th June, 1991, referred in clause (a) of sub-section (1) of this section has been affected during the period between the 1st day of April, 1991 and 15th day of June, 1991;

(c) where any sale of goods taxable at the rates specified in the notification No.EXN-F(11)-1/91, dated 13th June, 1991 referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) of this section has been affected between 1st day of April, 1991 and 15th day of June, 1991:

the dealer affecting such sale or affecting purchase of resin shall pay the tax on the taxable turnover at the basic rates enhanced by 10% of the respective rates prescribed prior to the 1st day of April, 1991 for various classes of goods and for goods manufactured by small scale industrial units.

(3) For the removal of doubts it is hereby declared that-

(a) nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing any person—

(i) from questioning in accordance with the provisions referred to in this section, the assessment, reassessment, levy or collection of the aforesaid tax; or

(ii) from claiming refund of the aforesaid tax paid by him in excess of the amount due from him under any such provision; and

(b) no act or omission on the part of any person, before the commencement of this Act, shall be punishable as an offence which would not have been so punishable if this Act had not come into force.

उद्देश्यों भौर कारणों का कथन

साधारण व्यौहारियों के लिए कराधेय माला को प्रति वर्ष 3.00,000 रुपय तक बढ़ा दिया गया है । सन्द्रर, लोह, ढाब। और हलवाई की दुकान चलाने का कारबार करने वाले व्यौहारियों को साधारण व्यौहारियों की बराबरी पर लाने के लिए कराधेय मात्र। सीमा को 1,00,000 रुपये से 3,00,000 रुपये तक बढ़ाने का प्रस्ताव है। ग्रागे रेखांकित चैंकों द्वारा संदाय की पद्धति देय कर के संदाय को विलम्बित करती है ग्रीर इसे ठीक करना भ्रपेक्षित है ताकि रेखाकित चैक देते के बहाने पर, कर संदायों को नियत तारीखों से परे विलम्बित नहीं किया जाए । यद्यपि संविदा के संकर्मों में बेचे गए माल पर तिकार कर 1985 से ही उद्ग्राह्य है, फिर भी इसके कार्यान्वयन में प्रवेक्षित प्रगति नहीं हो सकी है, जिसके कारण निर्माण ठेकेदारों के बिलों से विक्रय कर की कटौती के लिए उपबन्ध प्रधिनियमित करना भानस्यक हो गया है। इस पद्धित को प्रभावशाली बनाने के लिए, वसूली का विशेष डंग खोजना भी आवश्यक हो गया है ताकि सरकार को देय कर सुनिश्चित किया जा सके। मिथ्या दस्तावेज देने के रूप में राजस्व विरोधी ग्रौर सरकारी राजस्व को कपट वंजित करने के क्रिया-कलाप, ऐसे क्रियाकलापों के लिए तत्स्थानी दायित्व के ग्रभाव में पनप रहे हैं। इस लिए कपटपूर्ण क्रिया-कलापों, राज्य के राजस्व हितों को प्रतिकुल रूप से प्रभावित करने वाले मिथ्या दस्तावेज देने की परिपाटी को रोकने ग्रीर ग्रधिनियम के उपबन्धों को अधिक प्रभावभाली ग्रीर भयोपरत बनाने के लिए शास्त्रियां विद्वित करना भी ग्रावश्यक हो गया है। उद्योगों के सम्बन्ध में, कर के ग्रास्थगित संदाय, कर की रियायती दर ग्रौर ग्रौद्योगिक इकाइयों द्वारा कच्चे माल के विका और ऐसे कच्चे माल के उपयोग पर संदत्त कर का मुजरा करने के लिए पर्याप्त समर्थन बनाने वाले उपबन्ध बनाना मावश्यक है । इसलिए हिमाचल प्रदेश साधारण विकय कर मधिनियम, 1968 में संशोधन करना श्रावश्यक हो गया है।

यह विधेयक पूर्वोक्त उद्देश्य की पूर्ति के लिए है।

नगीन चन्द्र पाल, प्रभारी मन्त्री।

शिमला:

11 सितम्बर, 1991.

बिसीय ज्ञापन

इस विधेयक के खण्ड 2 में, तन्दूर, लोह, ढाबा श्रौर हलवाई की दुकान चलाने वाले ब्यौहारियों की कराधेय माता को 1,00,000 रुपये से 3,00,000 रुपय प्रति वर्ष तक बढ़ाने का प्रस्ताव है जिसके परिणाम स्वरूप राज कोष को प्रति वर्ष लगभग 15 लाख रुपये की श्रावर्ती हानि होगी।

प्रत्यायोजित विधान सम्बंधी झापन

विधेयक के खण्ड 8 के साथ पठित खण्ड 4 और खण्ड 10 में, काटे गए कर के बारे में रीति, जिसमें ठेकेदारों के संकर्म बिलों से कटौती करने और कटौती प्रमाण-पन्न जारी किए जाने हैं, विह्नि करने, प्ररूप और रीति जिसमें धारा 42-B के अधीन रियायती दरों पर कर के संदाय के बारे में प्रमाण-पन्न दिए जाने हैं और वह निर्वन्धन और शर्तें विह्ति करना जिनके अधीन रहते हुए और रीति जिसमें धारा 42-C के अधीन मुजरा दिया जाना है, के लिए राज्य सरकार को नियम बनाने के लिए सणक्त करने का उपवन्ध करते हैं। इस प्रकार बनाए गए नियम विधान सभा के पटल पर रखे जाएंगे। प्रस्तावित प्रत्यायोजन आवश्यक और सामान्य स्वरूप का है।

भारत के संविधान के ब्रनुच्छेद 207 के ब्रधीन राज्यपाल की सिकारिजें

[नस्ति संख्या इ-एक्स-एन-एफ (11)-1/91-पार्ट]

हिमाचल प्रदेश के राज्यपाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश साधारण विकय कर (संशोधन और विधिमान्यकरण) विधेयक, 1991 की विषय वस्तु के बारे में सूचित किए जाने के पश्चात भारत के संविधान के अनुच्छद 207 के प्रधीन विधेयक को विधान सभा में पुर:स्थापित करने और उस पर विचार करने की सिफारिश करते हैं।

AUTHORITAITVE ENGLISH TEXT

Bill No. 20 of 1991.

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH GENERAL SALES TAX (AMEND-MENT AND VALIDATION) BILL, 1991

(AS INTRODUCED IN THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY)

A

BILL

further to amend the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax Act, 1968 (Act No. 24 of 1968) and to validate the levy and collection of tax on certain transactions during the period from the 1st day of April, 1991 to the 15th day of June, 1991.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh in the Forty-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh General Slaes Tax (Amendment and Validation) Act, 1991.

Short title.

2. In clause (c) of sub-section (6) of section 4 of the Himachal Pradesh
General Sales Tax Act, 1968 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act),
the words "tandoor", "loh", "dhaba", "halwai shop" and "Indian" shall be
omitted.

Amendment of section

3. In sub-section (4) of section 12 of the principal Act-

Amendment of section 12.

 (a) for the words "District Excise and Taxation Officer" wherever these occur, the words "Assistant Excise and Taxation Commissioner or Excise and Taxation Officer In-charge of the District" shall be substituted;

(b) in the first proviso, for the words "local Scheduled Bank", the words "local branch of a Scheduled Bank" shall be substituted and after the first proviso so amended, but before the second proviso, the following new proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

- "Provided further that where the payment is made through a crossed cheque, such crossed cheque must be delivered in the office of the assessing authority concerned, not less than ten clear days before the expiry of the due date prescribed under sub-section (3) for filing the return, and the dealer shall be deemed to have made the payment on the date on which such crossed cheque, after its presentation in the bank, is actually credited into the Government account and necessary receipt is issued by the bank in favour of the dealer:"
- 4. After section 12 of the principal Act, the following section 12-A shall be inserted, namely:—

"12-A. Tax deduction from the bills/invoices of the works contractors.—

 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in section 13, every person making any payment or discharge of any liability on account of valuable consideration payable for the transfer of property in goods, whether as goods or in some other form,

Insertion of section 12-A.

involved in the execution of works contract shall deduct an amount not exceeding four per centum, as may be prescribed, purporting to be a part or full of the tax payable on such sales, from the bills or invoices raised by the works contractor as payable by the person:

Provided that no such payment or discharge of any bill raised by the works contractor shall be made without deduction:

Provided further that if the State Government is satisfied that it is necessary to do so in the interest of the State revenue, it may notify the names/posts of such persons who shall be competent persons to make such deduction.

(2) The deduction referred to in sub-section (1) shall be made in the manner which may be prescribed.

(3) The payment of such deduction into the Government treasury shall be the responsibility of the person making such deduction.

- (4) The person making such deduction shall issue deduction certificate in the prescribed manner to the person or dealer from whose bill or invoice such deduction has been made.
- (5) If any person contravenes any or all of the provisions of sub-sections (1), (3) and (4), the prescribed authority shall, after giving an opportunity of being heard, by an order in writing, direct that such person shall pay by way of penalty, a sum not exceeding twice the amount of tax deductible under sub-section (1).
- (6). The provisions of sections 16 and 16-A for recovery of any amount of tax due from a dealer shall mutatis mutandis apply for recovey of any amount of tax, deducted and/or any penalty imposed but not deposited under this section.

Insertion of section 16-A.

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- 5. After section 16 of the principal Act, the following section 16-A shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "16-A. Special mode of recovery.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 16 or any law or contract to the contrary, Commissioner or any officer other than an Excise and Taxation Inspector, appointed under section 3 to assist the Commissioner, may at any time or from time to time, by notice in writing, a copy of which shall be sent to the dealer at his last address known to the officer issuing the notice, require—

 (a) any person from whom any amount is due or may become due to a dealer who has failed to comply with a notice of demand for any amount due under this Act;

(b) any person who holds or may subsequently hold any money for or on account of such dealer,

to pay into the Government treasury in the manner specified in the notice issued under this sub-section, either forthwith or upon the money becoming due or being held, or at or within the time specified in the notice (not being before the money becomes due or it is held), so much of the money as is sufficient to pay the amount due from the dealer in respect of the arrears of

tax, interest and penalty under this Act, or the whole of the money when it is equal to or less than that amount.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the amount due to a dealer or money held for or on account of a dealer by any person shall be computed after taking into account such claim, if any, as may have fallen due for payment by such dealer to such person and as may be lawfully subsisting.

- (2) The officer issuing a notice under sub-section (1) may at any time, or from time to time, amend or revoke any such notice or extend the time for making any payment in pursuance of the notice.
- (3) Any person making any payment in compliance with a notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to have made the payment under the authority of the dealer and the treasury receipt for such payment shall constitute a good and sufficient discharge of the liability of such person to the extent of the amount specified in the receipt.
- (4) Any person discharging any liability to the dealer after service on him of the notice issued under sub-section (1) shall be dersonally liable to the State Government to the extent of the liability discharged or to the extent of the liability of the dealer for tax, interest and penalty, whichever is less.
- (5) Where a person on whom a notice is served under sub-section (1). proves to the satisfaction of the officer who issued the notice that the sum demanded or any part thereof was not due to the dealer or that he did not hold any money for or on account of the dealer, at the time the notice was served on him, then nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to require such person to pay into the Government treasury any such money or part thereof, as the case may be.
- (6) Any amount of money which a person is required to pay under subsection (1), or for which he is personally liable to the State Government under sub-section (4) shall, if it remains unpaid, be recoverable as an arrear of land revenue.
- (7) The provisions of this section shall be without prejudice to any action that may be taken for the recovery of the arrears of tax, interest and penalty, if any, due from the dealer.
- 6. In sub-section (5) of section 30 of the principal Act, for the word "tax" wherever it occurs, the words and brackets "tax (including interest payable)" shall be substituted.

- 7. For section 35 of the principal Act, the following section 35 shall be substituted and thereafter following sections 35-A and 35-B shall be inserted, namely:-
 - "35. Offences and penalties.—(1) Any person who—
 - (a) wilfully acts in contravention of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder: or
 - (b) furnishes a certificate under sub-section (2) of section 6. which he knows or has reason to believe it to be false; or

Substitution of section 35 and insertion of sections 35-A and 35-B.

Amendment of section

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(c) being a registered dealer, falsely represents when purchasing any class of goods for use by him in the manufacture of any goods for sale, that goods of such class are covered by his certificate of registration; or

 (d) not being a registered dealer, falsely represents when purchasing goods in Himachal Pradesh that he is a registered dealer; or

(e) after purchasing any goods for any of the purposes specified in the Act, fails, without reasonable excuse, to make use of the

goods for any such purpose; or

(f) has in his possession any form issued under the Act on payment by the Government, which has not been obtained by him or by his principal or by his agent in accordance with the provisions of this Act or any rules made thereunder; or

(g) prevents inspection or examination of books, documents and accounts or wilfully fails to produce such books, documents

and accounts mentioned in section 20; or

(h) fails to carry with him any of the records or documents specified in section 22; or

(i) makes any statement or declaration in any of the documents specified in section 22 or section 22-A, as the case may be, which statement or declaration he knows or, has reasons to believe to be false; or

 (j) in any way is knowingly concerned in any fraudulant evasion or attempt at evasion or abetment of evasion of any tax payable in respect of the sale or purchase of any goods under this Act; or

- (k) if he is a driver or any other person-in-charge of goods vehicle or vessel or an owner of the goods refuses on demand by the officer-in-charge of the check post or barrier or any other officer, not below the rank of an Excise and Taxation Inspector, to give his name and address or the name and address of the owner of the goods vehicle or of the consignor or consignee of the goods or gives any name and address of any of these persons which he knows or has reason to believe to be false; or
- aids or abets any person in the commission of any offence specified in this sub-section;

he shall, without prejudice to the recovery of any tax or interest or penalty which may be due from him, be punishable with simple imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both; and when the offence, is a continuing offence, with a daily fine which may extend to fifty rupees for every day during which the offence continues.

- (2) Whosoever contravenes or fails to comply with, any of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder, or any order or direction made or given thereunder, shall, if no other penalty is provided either under sub-section (1) of this section or under any other provisions of this Act for such contravention or failure, be liable to imposition of a penalty, not exceeding two thousand rupees, and where such contravention or failure is continuing one, to a daily penalty not exceeding fifty rupees during the period of the continuance of the contravention or failure.
- (3) Any officer-in-clearge of the check post or barrier or any other officer, not below the rank of an Excise and Taxation Officer, appointed

under sub-section (1) of section 3 or such other officer as the State Government may, by notification, appoint, may after affording to the person concerned a reasonable opportunity of being heard, impose the penalty mentioned in sub-section (2):

Provided that the officer-in-charge of the check post or a barrier shall exercise such powers only at such check posts or barriers.

35-A. Imposition of penalty in lieu of prosecution.—If any person specified in sub-section (1) of section 35 is guilty of an offence under that sub-section, any officer incharge of a check post or barrier or any other officer not below the rank of an Excise and Taxation Officer appointed under sub-section (1) of section 3, or such other officer as the State Government may, by notification, appoint, within his jurisdiction, may, after affording to the person concerned a reasonable opportunity of being heard, by order, in writing, impose upon him by way of penalty a sum not exceeding one and a half times the tax which would have been levied under this Act in respect of the sale to him of the goods, if the sale had been a sale falling within this Act:

Provided that the penalty in case of non-taxable goods shall be calculated as if such goods were liable to tax at the rate of ten paise in a rupee:

Provided further that the penalty for offences under sub-section (7) of section 12 shall be imposed under the same sub-section:

Provided further that no prosecution for an offence under sub-section (1) of section 35 shall be instituted in respect of the same facts on which a penalty has been imposed under this section or sub-section (7) of section 12.

- 35-B. Cognizance of offences.—(1) No court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act or the rules made thereunder except with previous sanction of the Government or of such officer as may be authorised by a notification published in Official Gazette and no Court inferior to that of a Magistrate of the first class shall try any such offence.
- (2) All offences punishable under sub-section (1) of section 35, of this Act shall be cognizable and bailable.".
 - 8. In sub-section (2) of section 40 of the principal Act—
 - (a) after clause (h) the following clause (hh) shall be added, namely:—

"(hh) the manuer in which deductions are to be made and the deduction certificate is to be issued under sub-sections (1) and (4) of section 12-A;"; and

(b) after clause (r) the following clauses (rr) and (rrr) shall be added, namely:—

- "(rr) the form and the manner in which the certificate under section 42-B is to be furnished;
- (rrr) the restrictions and conditions subject to which and the manner in

Amendment of section 40. which the set off under sub-section (2) of section 42-C is to be granted;".

Substitution of section

- 9. For section 42 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "42. Powers to exempt.—(1) The Government if satisfied that it is necessary or expedient so to do in the interest of cottage industries or small scale industries may, by notification, exempt either wholly or to such extent only as may be specified in the said notification any class of co-operative societies or persons from the payment of tax leviable on the sale of goods manufactured by such societies/or persons subject to such conditions as may be specified in such notification.
 - (2) Every notification issued under sub-section (1) shall, as soon as may be after it is issued, be laid before the State Legislature."

Insertion of sections 42-A, 42-B, 42-C and 42-D.

- 10. After section 42 of the principal Act, the following sections 42-A, 42-B, 42-C and 42-D shall be inscrted, namely:—
 - "42-A Special provisions relating to deferred payment of tax by industrial units.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provisions of this Act, if the Government is of the opinion that with a view to provide incentives to the entrepreneurs setting up new industrial units in the State for manufacturing goods for sale, it is necessary or expedient in the public interest so to do, it may, under a scheme notified in this behalf under this Act and subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be specified in such scheme, provide for deferred payment of tax payable under section 12 by such entrepreneur who is registered as a dealer under this Act.
 - (2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), the entrepreneur referred to therein, if eligible for grant of facility of deferred payment of tax under the scheme notified under sub-section (1) may make deferred payment of tax payable on the sale of goods manufactured by him.
 - 42-B. Concessional rate of tax on certain raw materials.—Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, but subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be specified, the State Government may, if it is expedient in the public interest so to do, by notification, exempt wholly or fix a concessional rate of tax, on the sale, to an entrepreneur, of goods, specified in his certificate of registration, for use by him as raw material in the manufacture in Himachal Pradesh of any goods—
 - (a) for sale in the State of Himachal Pradesh; or
 - (b) for sale in the course of inter-State trade or commerce:

Provided that the tax on such sales shall be levied at full rates fixed under section 6 unless the dealer making the sale to such entrepreneur furnishes

to the assessing authority in the prescribed form and manner a certificate duly filled in and signed by the eligible entrepreneur.

42-C. Set off of tax in respect of tax paid goods in certain circumstances.— (1) Subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be prescribed, a set off, as provided in sub-section (2), shall be granted in such manner as may be prescribed, to a registered dealer in respect of tax paid goods in the circumstances mentioned in subsection (2).

(2) When the registered dealer purchases any goods, which have suffered tax either under sub-section (2) of section 6 at full rates or under section 42 or section 42-B at the concessional rates, for use of such goods as raw-material in the manufacture Himachal Pradesh of any goods for sale, he shall be entitled to a set off of tax equal to the difference between the aggregate liability on the sale of final product minus the amount of tax already paid by the selling dealer.

- 42-D. Penalty for utilisation of goods for other purposes.--Where any goods purchased by a registered dealer either under sub-section (1) of section 42 or sub-section (1) of section 42-B, at concessional rates, for use by him in the manufacture of any goods in Himachal Pradesh, other than goods declared tax free under section 7—
 - (a) for sale in the State of Himachal Pradesh; or
 - (b) for sale in the course of inter-State trade or commerce, are utilised by him for any purpose other than those specified in clause (a) or (b), such dealer shall be liable to pay as penalty, such amount not less than the difference between the amount of tax on the sale of such goods at the full rate applicable thereto under section 6 and the amount of tax payable under sub-section (1) of section 42 or sub-section (1) of section 42-B, but not exceeding one and a half times the amount of tax payable at such full rate, as any officer appointed under sub-section (1) of section 3 may, by order, impose:

Provided that no order imposing such penalty shall be passed under this section unless such dealer has been given a reasonable opportunity of being heard."

11. (1) The provisions of section 6 of the principal Act, as amended by section 4 of the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Act, 1991 shall be deemed to be and to have always been valid and effective from the 1st day of April, 1991 irrespective of the fact that the said Act, after having been passed by the State Legislature on 20th day of March, 1991, has been assented to on 18th day of April, 1991 and published in the Official Gazette on 20th day of April, 1991, and accordingly-

Validation and exemption.

(a) the tax leviable in pursuance of the notification No. EXN-F(11)-1/91 dated the 2nd May, 1991 published in the extra-ordinary issue of the Official Gazette dated 3rd May, 1991 and notification No. EXN-F(11)-1/91, dated 13th June, 1991 published in the extra-ordinary issue of the Official Gazette dated the 15th June,

5 of 1991

- 1991 at the rates of 8, 11, 7.5, 30 and 3.5 paise in a rupee shall be deemed to be and shall be deemed always to have been levied with effect from 1st day of April, 1991; and
- (b) the tax leviable in pursuance of notification No. EXN-F(1)1/91, dated 13th June, 1991 published in the extra-ordinary issue of the Official Gazette dated 15th June, 1991 at the rate of 2.5% for the first five years and at the rate of 4.5% for the next five years in respect of goods leviable to general sales tax at the rate of 8% and in case of goods leviable to general sales tax upto the rate of 11% the rate of 4% for the first five years and 6% for the next five years shall be deemed to be and shall be deemed always to have been levied with effect from 1st day of April, 1991;

and notwithstanding any judgement or decree or order of any Court, tribunal or authority to the contrary no notification which was issued under section 6 of the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax Act, 1968 as amended by the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment) Act, 1991, before the commencement of this Act and which levied or authorised the levy of or purported to levy or authorise the levy of the tax (hereafter in this section referred to as the afforesaid tax) at enhanced rate shall be deemed to be invalid or ever to have been invalid on the ground merely that the authority issuing such notifications did not have competence to issue such notification, and accordingly—

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- (i) all the aforesaid taxes levied or collected or purporting to have been levied or collected under section 6 of the principal Act before the commencement of this Act shall be deemed and be deemed always to have been validly levied or collected in accordance with law;
- (ii) no suit or other proceeding shall be maintained or continued in any court or before any tribunal or authority for the refund of, and no enforcement shall be made by any Court, tribunal or authority of any decree or order directing the refund of any such aforesaid tax which has been collected;
- (iii) recoveries shall be made, in accordance with the previsions of said section 6 and the notifications of all amounts which would have been collected thereunder as such aforesaid tax if this section had been in force at all material times.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1)-
 - (a) where any sale of goods taxable at the rates specified in the notification No. EXN-F (11)-1/91, dated 2nd May, 1991 referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (1) of this section has been affected during the period between the 1st day of April, 1991 and the 3rd day of May, 1991;
 - (b) where any purchase of resin taxable at the rate of 8 paise in a rupee specified in the notification No. EXN-F (11)-1/91, dated 13th June, 1991, referred in clause (a) of sub-section (1) of this section has been affected during the period between the 1st day of April, 1991 and the 15th day of June, 1991;
 - (c) where any sale of goods taxable at the rates specified in the notification No. EXN-F (11)-1/91, dated 13th June, 1991 referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) of this section has been affected between the 1st day of April, 1991, and the 15th day of June, 1991;

the dealer affecting such sale or affecting purchase of resin shall pay the tax on the taxable turnover at the basic rates enhanced by 10% of the respective rates prescribed prior to the 1st day of April, 1991 for various classes of goods and for goods manufactured by smallscale industrial units.

- (3) For the removal of doubts it is hereby declared that-
 - (a) noting in the sub-section (2) shall be construed as preventing any person—
 - (i) from questioning in accordance with the provisions referred to in this section, the assessment, re-assessment, levy or collection of the aforesaid tax; or
 - (ii) from claiming refund of the aforesaid tax paid by him in excess of the amount due from him under any such provision; and
 - (b) no act or omission on the part of any person, before the commencement of this Act, shall be punishable as an offence which would not have been so punishable if this Act had not come into force.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The taxable quantum for general dealers has been enhanced to rupees 3,00,000 per annum. In order to bring the dealers doing business of running a tandoor, loh, dhaba and a halwai shop at par with the general dealers, the limit of taxable quantum is proposed to be enhanced from rupces 1,00,000 to rupees 3,00,000 per annum. Further, the system of payments by crossed cheques results in delayed payments of tax due and it is required to be geared up so that on the pretext of furnishing crossed cheques the tax payments are not delayed beyond due dates. Although sales tax on goods sold in work contracts has been leviable since 1985, yet its implementation could not make the requisite progress, owing to which it is essential to enact provisions for deduction of sales tax from the bills of works contractors. For making the system effective, it is also essential to devise special mode of recovery so that the tax due to the Government is secured. Anti-revenue activities in the nature of furnishing false documents and de-frauding the Government revenue are thriving without corresponding liability for such illegal activities. As such, it has become necessary to prescribe penalties for fraudulant activities, to curb the practice of tendering false documents prejudicially affecting the revenue interests of the State; and to make the provisions of the Act more effective and deterrent as well. With regard to industries, it is essential to make adequate enabling provisions for deferred payment of tax, concessional rate of tax and set-off of the tax paid on the purchase of raw material by industrial units and utilisation of such raw material. This has necessitated the amendments in the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax Act, 1968.

This Bill seeks to achieve the aforesaid objectives.

SHIMLA: the 11th September, 1991. NAGIN CHANDER PAL, Minister-in-charge.

FINANCIAL MEMORANDUM

Clause 2 of the Bill proposes to enhance the taxable quantum of dealers running a tandoor, loh, dhaba and a halwai shop from rupees 1,00,000 to rupees 3,00,000 per annum, as a result of which there will be approximate recurring loss of rupees fifteen lakh per annum to the State exchequer

MEMORANDUM REGARDING DELEGATED LEGISLATION

Clauses 4 and 10 read with clause 8 of the Bill seek to empower the State Government to make the rules to prescribe the manner in which deductions from bills of work contractors and the deduction certificates are to be issued in respect of the tax deducted, to prescribe the form and manner in which the certificates regarding payment of tax at concessional rates under section 42-B are to be furnished and also to prescribe restrictions and conditions subject to which and the manner in which the set-off under section 42-C is to be granted. The rules so made are to be laid on the table of the House. The proposed delegation is essential and normal in character.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE GOVERNOR UNDER ARTICLE 207 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

[File No. EXN-F (11)-1/91-Part]

The Governor of Himachal Pradesh, after having been informed of the subject-matter of the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax (Amendment and Validation) Bill, 1991, recommends, under Article 207 of the Constitution of India, the introduction and consideration of the Bill in the Legislative Assembly.